History-deterministic Timed Automata are Not Determinizable

Thomas A. Henzinger, Karoliina Lehtinen, Sven Schewe, Patrick Totzke Sougata Bose

IST Austria

CNRS, Aix-Marseille University, University of Toulon, LIS

University of Liverpool

RP 2022

Kaiserslautern

a restricted form of non-determinism which can be resolved on the fly

a restricted form of non-determinism which can be resolved on the fly



History-deterministic



Non-deterministic

a restricted form of non-determinism which can be resolved on the fly



History-deterministic



Non-deterministic

a restricted form of non-determinism which can be resolved on the fly



History-deterministic



Non-deterministic

ab

a restricted form of non-determinism which can be resolved on the fly



History-deterministic



Non-deterministic

abaaa

a restricted form of non-determinism which can be resolved on the fly



History-deterministic



Non-deterministic

abaaabaaaaa.....

a restricted form of non-determinism which can be resolved on the fly



abaaabaaaaa.....

 $\mathsf{D}\subseteq\mathsf{H}\mathsf{D}\subseteq\mathsf{N}\mathsf{D}$

a restricted form of non-determinism which can be resolved on the fly



abaaabaaaaa.....

$\mathsf{D}\subseteq\mathsf{H}\mathsf{D}\subseteq\mathsf{N}\mathsf{D}$

Are these containments strict?

Acceptance via Safety, Reachability, Büchi, co-Büchi, ...

A is HD if there exists a **resolver** function

 $r: \Sigma^* \times \Sigma \to T$



A is HD if there exists a **resolver** function

 $r: \Sigma^* \times \Sigma \to T$



- Good-for-Trees [Kupferman, Safra, Vardi '96]
- Good-for-Games [Henzinger, Pieterman '06]
- Letter Games [Henzinger, Pieterman '06]
- History-deterministic [Colcombet '09]
- Fair Simulation [Henzinger, Lehtinen, Totzke '22]

 ω -Automata

 $D\omega A = HD\omega A = ND\omega A$

Pushdown Automata[Guha, Jecker, Lehtinen, Zimmermann '21] $DPA \subsetneq HDPA \subsetneq NDPA$

 ω -Automata

 $D\omega A = HD\omega A = ND\omega A$

Pushdown Automata[Guha, Jecker, Lehtinen, Zimmermann '21] $DPA \subsetneq HDPA \subsetneq NDPA$

What about Timed Automata?





Co-Büchi Acceptance

Infinite non-zeno words

Letters: a

Time: 0.5

Clock value x:



Co-Büchi Acceptance

Infinite non-zeno words

Letters: a

Time: 0.5

Clock value x: 0.5



Co-Büchi Acceptance

Infinite non-zeno words

Letters: a a

Time: 0.5 1.5

Clock value x: 0.5



Co-Büchi Acceptance

Infinite non-zeno words

Letters: a a

Time: 0.5 1.5

Clock value x: 0.5 0



Co-Büchi Acceptance

Infinite non-zeno words

Letters:	а	а	а	а	а	а
Time:	0.5	1.5	2.1	2.6	3.1	4.1
Clock value <i>x</i> :	0.5	0	0.6	1.1	0	0







- Same transitions are enabled from the same region
- Exponentially many regions in the number of clocks
- Used to solve Emptiness

History Deterministic Timed Automata



History Deterministic Timed Automata



Co-Büchi Acceptance

Letters:	а	а	а	а	а	а
Time:	0.5	1.5	2.1	2.6	3.1	4.1

History Deterministic Timed Automata



Co-Büchi Acceptance

Letters:
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a
a<

Resolver: Guess the oldest surviving fractional part with trailing *a* at unit distance



$\textit{DTA} \subseteq \textit{HDTA} \subsetneq \textit{NDTA}$



 $DTA \subseteq HDTA \subsetneq NDTA$



Claim: There is no equivalent HDTA with k clocks



$\textit{DTA} \subseteq \textit{HDTA} \subsetneq \textit{NDTA}$



 $\textit{DTA} \subseteq \textit{HDTA} \subsetneq \textit{NDTA}$

Theorem (Henzinger, Lehtinen, Totzke '22) Safety HDTA can be determinized



 $\textit{DTA} \subseteq \textit{HDTA} \subsetneq \textit{NDTA}$

Theorem (Henzinger, Lehtinen, Totzke '22) Safety HDTA can be determinized

Open Problem: Can all HDTA be determinized?



 $\textit{DTA} \subseteq \textit{HDTA} \subsetneq \textit{NDTA}$

Theorem (Henzinger, Lehtinen, Totzke '22) Safety HDTA can be determinized

Open Problem: Can all HDTA be determinized?

Conjecture (Henzinger, Lehtinen, Totzke '22) Co-Büchi HDTA can **not** be determinized

Theorem

Theorem

- L is not accepted by any parity DTA
- Difficult to prove language is not deterministic
- Reset points based techniques [Herrmann] only apply in Büchi case

Theorem

Theorem



Theorem



Theorem

L is not accepted by any parity DTA



w': Same as w but pick the same red block

Theorem

L is not accepted by any parity DTA



Both have the same runs

Safety [Henzinger, Lehtinen, Totzke '22] $DTA = HDTA \subsetneq NDTA$

Safety [Henzinger, Lehtinen, Totzke '22] $DTA = HDTA \subsetneq NDTA$

Co-Büchi [Bose, Henzinger, Lehtinen, Schewe, Totzke '22] $DTA \subsetneq HDTA \subsetneq NDTA$

Safety [Henzinger, Lehtinen, Totzke '22] $DTA = HDTA \subsetneq NDTA$

> Reachability [Work in Progress] $DTA = HDTA \subsetneq NDTA$

Büchi [Work in Progress] $DTA \subseteq HDTA \subsetneq NDTA$

Co-Büchi [Bose, Henzinger, Lehtinen, Schewe, Totzke '22] $DTA \subsetneq HDTA \subsetneq NDTA$